

Laminex Vertiboard MR

The Laminex Group

Chemwatch: **7069-48** Version No: **7.1.1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 15/04/2014 Print Date: 31/10/2014 Initial Date: Not Available S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Laminex Vertiboard MR
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	Not Applicable
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	Not Applicable

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Used for the construction of furniture and cabinets. Moisture resistant building board.# Dust generated from shaping, cutting and sawing operations carried out on this product will contain cured binder/wood particles and may contain wood dust
Relevant identified uses	without binder.
	Wood dust is a hazardous substance according to the NOHSC criteria.
	and "may cause Sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact" (R42/43) and "may cause cancer by inhalation" (R49)

Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	The Laminex Group	
Address	-94 Tram Road Doncaster 3108 VIC Australia	
Telephone	+61 3 9848 4811	
Fax	61 3 9840 6513	
Website	www.thelaminexgroup.com.au	
Email	Not Available	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max	
Flammability	0		
Toxicity	0		0 = Minimum
Body Contact	0		1 = Low 2 = Moderate
Reactivity	1		3 = High
Chronic	0		4 = Extreme

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
GHS Classification	Not Applicable

Label elements

Laber elements				
GHS label elements	Not Applicable			
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE			

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Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

xtu.oo		
CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available	NotSpec.	wood panel containing
Not Available	>85	wood particles
Not Available	NotSpec.	bonded together with
9011-05-6	<13	urea/ formaldehyde resin
25036-13-9	<13	melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin
8002-74-2	<2	paraffin wax
Not Available	<0.1	green dye
50-00-0	0.0001	formaldehyde.
Not Available	NotSpec.	dust from sawing and forming operations will contain
Not avail.	NotSpec.	wood dust softwood
Not Available	NotSpec.	cured binder
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'

wood panel containing

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. Generally not applicable.
Skin Contact If skin contact occurs: If skin	
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
- ▶ Foam
- Dry chemical powder.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustible. Will burn if ignitedDecomposition may produce toxic fumes of:, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), aldehydes, nitrogen oxides (NOx), and minor amounts of, hydrogen cyanide, other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic materiaMay emit poisonous fumes.

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SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

- ► Clean up all spills immediately.
- Secure load if safe to do so.
- ▶ Bundle/collect recoverable product.
- ▶ Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.

Major Spills

- ▶ Clean up all spills immediately.
- Secure load if safe to do so.
- Bundle/collect recoverable product.
- Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.

Other information

- Store in original containers.
- ▶ Keep containers securely sealed.
- ▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- ▶ Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- ▶ Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

No restriction on the type of containers.

Storage incompatibility

▶ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	paraffin wax	Paraffin wax (fume)	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	formaldehyde.	Formaldehyde (h)	1.2 mg/m3 / 1 ppm	2.5 mg/m3 / 2 ppm	Not Available	Sen

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3	
Laminex Vertiboard MR	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH		
wood panel containing	Not Available		Not Available		
wood particles	Not Available		Not Available		
bonded together with	Not Available		Not Available		
urea/ formaldehyde resin	Not Available		Not Available		
melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin	Not Available		Not Available		
paraffin wax	Not Available Not Available 30 ppm Not Available Not Available Not Available		Not Available		
green dye			Not Available		
formaldehyde.			20 ppm		
dust from sawing and forming operations will contain			Not Available		
wood dust softwood			Not Available		
cured binder			Not Available		

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk

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Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment Personal protection Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles Eye and face protection Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. Skin protection See Hand protection below ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber NOTE: Hands/feet protection ▶ The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. **Body protection** See Other protection below Overalls. ▶ P.V.C. apron. Other protection ▶ Barrier cream. |When cutting wear approved dust respirator to avoid inhalation of wood dust created during the cutting process.|When cutting wear approved dust respirator to avoid inhalation of wood dust created during the cutting process. Thermal hazards

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computergenerated* selection:

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Material	СРІ
BUTYL	A
NEOPRENE	А
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	Α
NITRILE	А
PE	A
PE/EVAL/PE	A
PVC	А
TEFLON	A
VITON	А
NATURAL RUBBER	В
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	В

^{*} CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Type BAX-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	BAX-AUS P2	-	BAX-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	BAX-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	BAX-2 P2	BAX-PAPR-2 P2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Manufactured pressed board ranging in thickness from 9mm to 33mm, made from wood partcles/fibres bonded together with resin. The core of the board is green in colour. Newly manufactured board or freshly cut surfaces may have a pine odour.		
Physical state	Manufactured	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.65-0.75
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	>220
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable

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Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chronic

Inhaled	Inhalation of dust may aggravate a pre-existing respiratory condition such as asthma, bronchitis, emphysema The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. I Hazard relates to dust released by sawing, cutting, sanding, trimming or other finishing operations. New boards or freshly cut surfaces may have a pine/wood/resin odour which will dissipate with ventilation. When cutting, wood dust will be created which is classified as a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of NOHSC. Atmosphere should be checked and if necessary suitable arrangements made to reduce the level of vapours in the breathing zone for persons working in the area. NOHSC. Atmosphere should be checked and if necessary suitable arrangements made to reduce the level of vapours in the breathing zone for persons working in the area.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health).
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. Sensitisation may result in allergic dermatitis responses including rash, itching, hives or swelling of extremities.
Еуе	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

This manufactured article is considered to have low hazard potential if handling and personal protection recommendations are followed.

Laminex Vertiboard MR	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rat) LD50: >2100 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 0.1 ul/24h -SEVERE
urea/ formaldehyde resin	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >167 mg/m3/4h	Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h-SEVERE
	Oral (mouse) LD50: 6361 mg/kg	
	Oral (rat) LD50: 8394 mg/kg	
	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg	Nil reported [Manufacturer]
ioimaidenyde resin	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
***	***************************************	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/24 hr-mild
paraffin wax		Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24 hr-mild
	Not Available	Not Available

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	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 270 mg/kg	Eye (human): 4 ppm/5m
formaldahuda	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 203 mg/m3	Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg/24H SEVERE
formaldehyde.	Oral (rat) LD50: 100 mg/kg	Skin (human): 0.15 mg/3d-I mild
		Skin (rabbit): 2 mg/24H SEVERE
	Not Available	Not Available
wood dust softwood	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
wood dust softwood	Not Available	Not Available

Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

UREA/ FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Somnolence, impaired liver function tests, changes in leucocyte	(WBC) count recorded.		
PARAFFIN WAX	"Hydrocarbon wax" describes a group of solid C20 to C36 paraffinic hydrocarbons which are not absorbed in the gastro-intestinal tract and in small quantity will pass through undigested. The widespread use in cosmetic and in cosmetic surgery over many years demonstrates the low toxicity of refined waxes and many guidelines exist for their safe use Notwithstanding this, there are occasional reports of adverse effects with these products. Subcutaneous deposits often referred to as paraffinoma, have been described frequently following injection of these materials under the skin but these are not normally associated with other progressive changes. Paraffin wax and microcrystalline were each administered orally as a solution in arachis oil to groups of 5 male and 5 female rats at dose levels of 1000 and 5000 g/kg bw. Tumorigenic in rats			
WOOD DUST SOFTWOOD	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. For wood dusts: Wood dusts may cause respiratory symptoms including sensitisation and diminished respiratory function and may also be carcinogenic. OSHA has determined that the health evidence for the toxicity of wood dust cannot be separately distinguished for soft wood and hard wood. A final OSHA ruling however establishes an 8-hour TWA PEL of 2.5 mg/m3 for Western red cedar wood dust, based on its widely recognized ability to cause immune-system-mediated allergic sensitization. WARNING: Inhalation of wood dust by workers in the furniture and cabinet making industry has been related to nasal cancer [I.L.O. Encyclopedia] Use control measures to limit all exposures.			
UREA/ FORMALDEHYDE RESIN, MELAMINE/ UREA/ FORMALDEHYDE RESIN, FORMALDEHYDE.	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibodymediated immune reactions.			
Acute Toxicity	○ Carcinogenicity ○			
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0	
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	⊗ s	TOT - Repeated Exposure	0	
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0	

Legend:

✓ – Data required to make classification available

Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
 Data Not Available to make classification

CMR STATUS

CARCINOGEN formaldehyde. Australia Exposure Standards - Carcinogens 2

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
urea/ formaldehyde resin	HIGH	HIGH
formaldehyde.	LOW (Half-life = 14 days)	LOW (Half-life = 2.97 days)

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
urea/ formaldehyde resin	LOW (BCF = 3.162)
formaldehyde.	LOW (BCF = 3.162)

Mobility in soil		
Ingredient	Mobility	

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urea/ formaldehyde resin	HIGH (KOC = 1)
formaldehyde.	HIGH (KOC = 1)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

▶ Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.

Product / Packaging disposal

- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.
- Otherwise
- If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Where possible retain label warnings and MSDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	paraffin wax	Υ
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	formaldehyde.	Υ

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

urea/ formaldehyde resin(9011-05-6) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)"
melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin(25036-13-9) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)"
paraffin wax(8002-74-2) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"
formaldehyde.(50-00-0) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"
wood dust softwood(Not avail.) is found on the following regulatory lists	

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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